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Patient Navigation in Cancer Care

The cancer navigator connects a person with cancer with the help and support they need. The goal of cancer navigation is to find ways to overcome issues that keep people from getting access to quality cancer care. For example, navigators might help someone get a cancer screening and make sure that people who have abnormal test results get a follow-up visit. Or, the cancer navigator might help someone with cancer learn more about their cancer and its treatment. A cancer navigator might also help them manage money problems that come up during and after treatment.

What Can a Cancer Navigator Do for Me?

The cancer navigator helps people with cancer deal with issues that prevent them from getting screened and diagnosed, accessing cancer care, and finding the help they need after cancer treatment. The navigator provides support to the person with cancer as well as their caregivers and families.

Types of Cancer Navigators

Cancer navigators are trained to find and help address the needs of a person with cancer. But there are different kinds of navigators and they focus on different needs. A person with cancer may have one navigator or may work with several, based on their needs.

How the American Cancer Society Supports Patient Navigation

The American Cancer Society has led and funded efforts to build cancer navigation programs, promotes public policy to support navigation, and studies the role and benefits of navigation.

Patient Navigation Training and Credentialing

The American Cancer Society is developing a training and credentialing program for professional patient navigators, supporting the navigation workforce in improving care and reducing disparities.

What Can a Cancer Navigator Do for Me?

The cancer navigator helps people get past barriers that keep them from getting quality cancer care and the help they need during and after cancer treatment. The navigator can help find support for their caregivers and families too.

How do patient navigators help people with cancer?

Cancer navigators start by talking with the person with cancer. They ask questions to find out what the person needs and what might keep them from getting the care they need. After their talk, navigators may then be able to:

- Answer questions and give them the information they need to help with make decisions.
- Help get them the resources they need.
- Help communicate with their health care providers.
- Coordinate care by making appointments and helping patients get to them.
- Get them support and resources for any practical, physical, social, spiritual, and mental health challenges.
- Follow up to check for new or ongoing questions and needs.

How do patient navigators help people with cancer?

Many things can stand in the way of a person with cancer getting the care they need.

Navigators can help with practical needs

- Transportation
- Understanding and managing insurance¹
- Money concerns
- Paying for or getting medications
- Having enough food
- Lodging
- Child and elder care
- Work and school-related issues

Interpreters for people whose first language is not English

Navigators can help with physical needs

- Dealing with side effects² of treatment
- Improving the person's ability take care of themselves
- Getting equipment such as prostheses3, ostomy4 supplies, and wigs5
- Getting devices to help with movement and walking (mobility), such as a wheelchair or walker.
- Getting referrals for physical, occupational, or speech therapy
- Getting a referral for home care⁶, palliative care⁷, or hospice care⁸

Navigators can help with social and emotional needs

- Recognizing and coping with anxiety and depression⁹
- Understanding a diagnosis or treatment
- Dealing with changes in appearance¹⁰
- Changing work and home relationships
- · Spiritual concerns
- Support groups¹¹
- · Referral for counseling

Hyperlinks

- 1. www.cancer.org/cancer/financial-insurance-matters.html
- 2. www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/side-effects.html
- 3. www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/side-effects/prostheses.html
- 4. www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/treatment-types/surgery/ostomies.html
- 5. <u>www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/side-effects/hair-skin-nails/hair-loss/choosing-and-wearing-wig.html</u>
- 6. www.cancer.org/cancer/managing-cancer/finding-care/home-care-agencies.html

Types of Cancer Navigators

Clinical navigators

- Might work for an organization or may be volunteers.
- Can help with non-clinical information and resources.
- May be trained to help at a certain time or with a specific group. For example, they
 might focus on getting more people screened for cancer, helping set up tests and
 appointments for someone newly diagnosed with cancer, or setting people up with
 needed resources during treatment.

Oncology navigation support volunteers

- Provide non-clinical support through a healthcare or community organization.
- Are trained to provide information, resources, and support, and are not paid for these services.
- May also have had cancer themselves or as a caregiver.
- Can provide support in-person, by phone, on-line.

Navigators who focus on certain groups or needs

Cancer site-specific navigators support people with a specific type of cancer. They most often are oncology nurse navigators.

Financial navigators help people with cancer understand what their health insurance plan may cover and what they will have to pay out of pocket expenses. They may also help people set up payment plans and find ways to lower treatment costs so they can get the care they need.

Clinical trials navigators provide information and help ease concerns about being in a clinical trial. They can help answer questions, arrange transportation, and help with insurance issues as needed.

Population-specific navigators focus on the needs of underserved groups of people to make it easier for them to get cancer screening and care. These navigators are often non-clinical and come from the community they are serving to help build trust.

Pediatric/adolescent/young adult navigators focus on the needs of children, teenagers, or young adults with cancer and their families.

Cancer screening navigators focus on the needs of people getting screened for certain types of cancer, such as lung, breast, or colorectal cancer. They work to get

more people screened and help those who may have cancer get further testing and the information they need.

References

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How the American Cancer Society Supports Patient Navigation

The American Cancer Society (ACS) believes that patient navigation is critical to improving access to care for everyone. Navigation can remove barriers and improve access to care through patient-centered support from screening through survivorship. ACS has led and funded efforts to build navigation programs, supported public policy to support navigation, and studies the role and benefits of navigation.

ACS supports navigation through:

The American Cancer Society medical and editorial content team (https://www.cancer.org/cancer/acs-medical-content-and-news-staff.html)

Our team is made up of doctors and oncology certified nurses with deep knowledge of cancer care as well as editors and translators with extensive experience in medical writing.

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